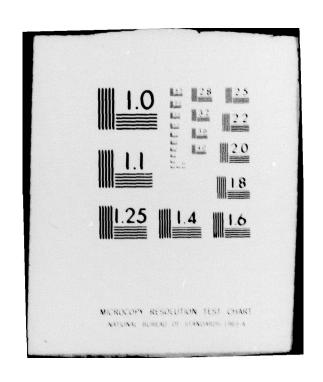
AD-A074 460

ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GR--ETC F/G 6/20
TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT--ETC(U)
SEP 79 A W SINGER
USAEHA-75-51-0892-79

NL

END
DATE
FILMED
| 10-79







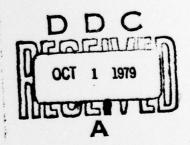


1

# UNITED STATES ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM
OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT AI3-36423
US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PROPRIETARY COMPOUND
STUDY NO. 75-51-0892-79
MAY 1976 - JUNE 1979



Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

79 09 27 017

Unclassified
SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (Then Date Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM	
	NO. 3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER	
75-51-0892-79		
4. TITLE (and Substitle) Topical Hazard Evaluation Program	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVE	
of Candidate Insect Repellent AI3-36423, US	Final, May 76 - Jun 79	
Department of Agriculture Proprietary Compound		
Study No. 75-31-0892-79, May 1976 - June 1979	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER	
7. AUTHOR(a)	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(e)	
ALLEN W. SINGER	117 7 Sep 79	
FERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TA	
US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency		
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010		
	12	
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS	May 76 - Jun 79	
Commander US Army Health Services Command	13. NUMBER OF PAGES	
Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234	6	
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office		
	Unclassified	
	15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADIN	
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)  Approved for public release; distribution unlimi	ted.	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimi  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the shetrect entered in Block 20, if different		
Approved for public release; distribution unliming the statement (of the shetrect entered in Block 20, if different final rept. May 76-Jun 79,		
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the chatract entered in Block 20, if different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block num	f from Report)	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the chatrect entered in Block 20, If different  9 Final rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block num  USDA Proprietary Compound	f from Report)	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the chatrect entered in Block 20, 11 different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num USDA Proprietary Compound Candidate Repellent	f from Report)	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the shetrect entered in Block 20, 11 different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num USDA Proprietary Compound Candidate Repellent AI3-36423	f from Report)	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the shetrect entered in Block 20, 11 different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num USDA Proprietary Compound Candidate Repellent AI3-36423 Topical Hazard Evaluation	f from Report)	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the chatract entered in Block 20, 11 different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num USDA Proprietary Compound Candidate Repellent AI3-36423 Topical Hazard Evaluation skin irritation	t from Report)  13 1  ber) eye irritation	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the shetrect entered in Block 20, 11 different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num USDA Proprietary Compound Candidate Repellent AI3-36423 Topical Hazard Evaluation	t from Report)  13 1  ber) eye irritation	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the electroci entered in Block 20, if different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  USDA Proprietary Compound  Candidate Repellent  A13-36423  Topical Hazard Evaluation  skin irritation  20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  30. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  31. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  32. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  33. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  34. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  35. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  36. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  37. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num  38. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block num	t from Report)  (ber)  eye irritation  ber)  performed by means of	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the ebetrect entered in Block 20, if different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde II necessary and identify by block num  USDA Proprietary Compound  Candidate Repellent  AI3-36423  Topical Hazard Evaluation  skin irritation  10. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde II necessary and identify by block num  A preliminary hazard evaluation of AI3-36423 was laboratory animal studies using rats, rabbits, a  grade compound caused mild primary skin irritati	thom Report)  (ber)  eye irritation  performed by means of and guinea pigs. The technication and mild corneal and	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the ebetrect entered in Block 20, if different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde II necessary and identify by block num  USDA Proprietary Compound  Candidate Repellent  AI3-36423  Topical Hazard Evaluation  skin irritation  A preliminary hazard evaluation of AI3-36423 was laboratory animal studies using rats, rabbits, a  grade compound caused mild primary skin irritati  conjunctival irritation in rabbits, but no photo	eye irritation  performed by means of and guinea pigs. The technication and mild corneal and irritation. It did not	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimit  17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different  Pinal rept. May 76-Jun 79,  18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  USAEHA-75-51-9892-79  19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block num  USDA Proprietary Compound  Candidate Repellent  AI3-36423  Topical Hazard Evaluation  skin irritation  O. ABSTRACY (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block num  A preliminary hazard evaluation of AI3-36423 was laboratory animal studies using rats, rabbits, a  grade compound caused mild primary skin irritati	eye irritation  performed by means of and guinea pigs. The technication and mild corneal and irritation. It did not gestion hazard. Ethanol	

DD 1 JAN 73 1473 EDITION OF T NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE

Unclassified



## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U. S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND 21010

CPT Singer/lm/AUTOVON 584-3980

HSE-LT-T/WP

7 SEP 1979

SUBJECT:

Topical Hazard Evaluation Program of Candidate Insect Repellent AI3-36423, US Department of Agriculture Proprietary Compound, Study No. 75-51-0892-79, May 1976 - June 1979

Executive Secretary Armed Forces Pest Control Board Forest Glen Section, WRAMC Washington, DC 20012

A summary of the pertinent findings and recommendations of the inclosed report follows:

A preliminary hazard evaluation of AI3-36423 was performed by means of laboratory animal studies using rats, rabbits and guinea pigs. The technical grade compound caused mild primary skin irritation and mild corneal and conjunctival irritation in rabbits, but no photoirritation. It did not sensitize guinea pigs or prove to be an acute ingestion hazard. Ethanol solutions of AI3-36423 also caused mild skin irritation. It was recommended that AI3-36423, USDA Proprietary Compound, be approved for further testing. Consideration should be given to the observed irritation caused by both technical and ethanol solutions when formulating this as a repellent. Persons experiencing such irritation should wash the compound off as soon as possible.

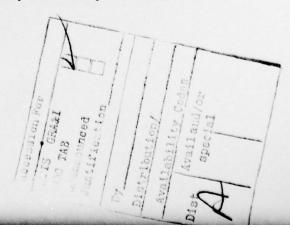
FOR THE COMMANDER:

1 Incl as (5 cy) BRENDAN E. JOYCE, Ph.D.

LTC(P), MSC

Director, Laboratory Services

CF:
HQDA (DASG-PSP)
Cdr, HSC (HSPA-P)
Dir, Advisory Ctr on TOX, NRC
Supt, AHS (HSA-IPM)
USDA, ARS (Dr. Terrence McGovern)
USDA. ARS - Southern Region





## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U. S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND 21010

HSE-LT-T/WP

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM
OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT AI3-36423
US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PROPRIETARY COMPOUND
STUDY NO. 75-51-0892-79
MAY 1976 - JUNE 1979

#### 1. AUTHORITY.

- a. Letter, US Department of Agriculture Agricultural Research Service, Southern Region, Insects Affecting Man-Research Laboratory, Gainesville, Florida, 5 May 1976.
- b. Memorandum of Understanding between the Department of the Army, Office of The Surgeon General; the US Army Health Services Command; the US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency; the Armed Forces Pest Control Board; and the US Department of Agriculture, effective 1970 with Amendment 1, effective August 1974.
- 2. REFERENCE. Toxicology Division Procedural Guide, USAEHA, 1972, revised 1976.
- 3. PURPOSE. The purpose of this program is to provide guidance for further entomological testing of the candidate insect repellent AI3-36423.
- 4. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS. A hazard evaluation of the candidate repellent AI3-36423, USDA Proprietary Compound, was conducted by this Agency using New Zealand White rabbits for skin and eye studies, Hartley guinea pigs for a skin sensitization study and Sprague-Dawley rats for determination of oral toxicity. A tabular presentation of animal toxicity data developed in this Agency follows:\*†

t The experiments reported herein were performed in animal facilities, fully accredited by the American Association for the Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care.

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

<sup>\*</sup> In conducting the studies described in this report, the investigators adhered to the "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals," US Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Publication No. (NIH) 74-23, revised 1972 - second printing 1974.

### TABULAR PRESENTATION OF DATA

Test	Results	Interpretation
SKIN IRRITATION STUDIES		
Rabbits		
Single 24-hour application to intact and abraded skin of New Zealand White Rabbits.	Compound AI3-36423 caused mild primary irritation of the intact skin and of the skin surrounding an abrasion.	USAEHA Category II (ref Appendix).
0.5 ml technical grade compound applied to each of six rabbits.		
EYE IRRITATION STUDIES		
Rabbits		
Single 24-hour application of 0.1 ml technical grade compound to one eye of each of six New Zealand White rabbits.	Compound AI3-36423 caused mild corneal and conjunctival irritation to five of six rabbits.	USAEHA Category C (ref Appendix).
APPROXIMATE LETHAL DOSE (ALD)		•
Oral		
Rats (male) - no diluent	ALD>4900 mg/kg	Presents little lethal hazard from accidental ingestion.

Test

Results

Interpretation

#### PHOTOCHEMICAL SKIN IRRITATION STUDIES

#### Rabbits

A single 0.05 ml application of a 25 percent (w/v) solution of the compound and a 10 percent (w/v) oil of Bergamot solution (positive control) in 95 percent ethyl alcohol were applied to the intact skin of six rabbits. Five minutes after application, the rabbits were exposed to UV light (365 nm) for 30 minutes at a distance of 10-15 cm.

A 25 percent solution of Al3-36423 in ethanol did not cause a photochemical irritation reaction under test conditions.

Compound AI3-36423 did not cause a photo-chemical irritation reaction under test conditions and is not expected to cause a photochemical irritation in humans.

Positive control application and irradiation caused greater irritant effects than in unirradiated skin areas.

#### Control

Following UV exposures of the rabbits, 0.05 ml of test compound, positive control and diluent were applied to additional skin areas to serve as unirradiated control sites. Application areas were checked for skin irritation at 24, 48 and 72 hours.

Ethanol solutions of AI3-36423 caused mild irritation at both UV and non UV sites.

Ethanol solutions of AI3-36423 may be irritating to human skin.

Test

Results

Interpretation

#### SENSITIZATION STUDIES

#### Guinea Pigs (Male)

Intradermal injections of 0.1 ml of a 0.1 percent suspension (w/v) of AI3-36423 or of dinitrochlorobenzene (DNCB)\* in a mixture containing 1 volume of propylene glycol and 29 volumes of saline.

Ten test guinea pigs were given ten sensitizing doses over a 3-week period.
After 2 weeks' rest, they were challenged with ID injections of test compound.

Ten positive control guinea pigs were sensitized over over 3 weeks to DNCB.
After 2 weeks' rest, they were challenged with ID injections of DNCB.

Challenge dose of AI3-36423 did not produce a sensitization reaction.

Challenge dose of DNCB in positive control guinea pigs produced a marked sensitization reaction in 10 out of 10 guinea pigs.

Compound AI3-36423 did not produce a sensitization reaction under test contitions and is not expected to produce a sensitization reaction in man.

DNCB produced a marked reaction, indicating the guinea pigs respond . to sensitizing agents.

<sup>\*</sup> A known skin sensitizer.

Study No. 75-51-0892-79, May 76 - Jun 79

- 5. CONCLUSION. Technical grade compound AI3-36423 caused mild primary skin irritation and mild corneal and conjunctival irritation, but no photo sensitization. It did not sensitize guinea pigs or prove to be an acute ingestion hazard. Ethanol solutions of AI3-36423 also caused mild skin irritation, and may cause a similar irritation on man.
- 6. RECOMMENDATION. Under the provision of the Memorandum of Understanding (paragraph 1b), it is recommended that AI3-36423, USDA Proprietary Compound, be approved for further testing as a candidate insect repellent. Consideration should be given the skin irritation caused by both the technical and ethanol solutions of AI3-36423 when working with or formulating it as a repellent. Persons experiencing irritation should wash the compound off with copious amounts of water.

Culm W. Striger
ALLEN W. SINGER

CPT, VC

Laboratory Veterinary Officer

Toxicology Division

APPROVED:

ARTHUR H. MCCREESH, Ph.D. Chief, Toxicology Division

## TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM DEFINITIONS OF CATEGORIES OF COMPOUNDS BEING CONSIDERED FOR ACUTE SKIN APPLICATION

CATEGORY I - Compounds producing no primary irritation of the intact skin or no greater than mild primary irritation of the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: No restriction for acute application to the human skin.)

<u>CATEGORY II</u> - Compounds producing mild primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should be used only on human skin found by examination to have no abrasions or may be used as a clothing impregnant.)

CATEGORY III - Compounds producing moderate primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should not be used directly on the skin without a prophetic patch test having been conducted on humans to determine irritation potential to human skin. May be used without patch testing, with extreme caution, as clothing impregnants. Compound should be resubmitted in the form and at the intended use concentration so that its irritation potential can be reexamined using other test techniques on animals.)

CATEGORY IV - Compounds producing moderate to severe primary irritation of the intact skin and of the skin surrounding an abrasion and, in addition, producing necrosis, vesiculation, and/or eschars. (INTERPRETATION: Should be resubmitted for testing in the form and at the intended use concentration. Upon resubmission, its irritation potential will be reexamined using other test techniques on animals, prior to possible prophetic patch testing in humans, at concentrations which have been shown not to produce primary irritation in animals.)

<u>CATEGORY V</u> - Compounds impossible to classify because of staining of the skin or other masking effects owing to physical properties of the compound. (INTERPRETATION: Not suitable for use on humans.)

#### EYE CATEGORIES:

- A. Compounds noninjurious to the eye. INTERPRETATION: Irritation of human eyes is not expected if the compound should accidentally get into the eyes, provided it is washed out as soon as possible.
- B. <u>Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea</u>. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes.
- C. Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea, and in addition some injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes and mucosa.
- D. <u>Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea</u>. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes.
- E. Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea, and in addition producing some injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes and mucosa.
- F. Compounds producing severe injury to the cornea and to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution. It is recommended that use be restricted to areas other than the face.